



## Product Specification

Product:	<b>Thinner/Diluent</b>
Part Number:	<b>ST1001</b>

### Application Scope :

This product is suitable for diluting electronic pastes including silver paste, silver-palladium paste, resistor paste, gold paste, palladium paste, and solder paste. It can also be used to dilute other oil-based inks and materials in the electroforming industry.

### Product Introduction :

Electronic Paste Thinner is a component of the paste itself. By adding a specific amount of thinner, the viscosity of the paste can be adjusted. It is characterized by its water-clear appearance, subtle pleasant odor, and low viscosity. It exhibits excellent wetting properties with the paste, as it is a component of the paste system itself.

### Usage Conditions :

#### I. Is Thinner Always Necessary?

1. Generally, pastes are supplied with a viscosity that is suitable or slightly higher than optimal for the intended printing process. These can typically be used directly without adding thinner. However, some users may prefer a lower viscosity and will choose to add thinner accordingly.
2. During use, solvent evaporation from the paste can cause it to thicken and become drier. In this case, adding a small amount of thinner is necessary to reduce viscosity and improve printability.
3. Some processes, such as spray coating, are special cases. They require a significant amount of thinner to be added prior to use to ensure proper material flow, control surface smoothness, and regulate film thickness.

#### II. Will Adding Thinner Affect Paste Performance?

For silver paste, adding an appropriate proportion of thinner will not significantly impact its performance. The thinner will **volatilize completely during the sintering process, leaving zero residue**. It has no effect on the conversion efficiency of photovoltaic silver paste.

#### III. How To Add Thinner

1. **The method of addition is critical.** Thinner should be added **gradually in small increments**. After each addition, stir thoroughly to ensure homogeneity before assessing if the viscosity is suitable. **Avoid adding too much at once**, as excessive thinner will make the paste too thin for application. While high viscosity can be adjusted downward, **low viscosity cannot be corrected upward**; paste that becomes too thin is essentially **unusable and must be scrapped**.



2. As a general rule, the **total mass of thinner added** should not exceed 3% of the paste's mass.
3. For **resistive pastes**, the amount added requires even greater caution. Excessive thinner will not only affect printability but, more importantly, **alter the sheet resistance** of the paste. This leads to poor consistency and deviation of the fired film's resistance value from the target.
4. For **die-attach conductive adhesives**, excessive thinner increases solvent emission during the drying/curing phase. This can **compromise the density of the cured layer**, resulting in reduced adhesion, poor bonding strength for chips and wires, and ultimately, device reliability issues.

## Save Conditions And Validity Period :

The product shall be stored in a sealed container at an ambient temperature of 5-25°C, with a shelf life of 1 year from the date of shipment.

## Packaging Method :

According to requirement.

